

# L'Enfant et les Sortilèges

## The Bewitched Child

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*Une pièce à la campagne (plafond très bas), donnant sur un jardin. Une maison normande, ancienne, ou mieux démodée; de grands fauteuils, houssés; une haute horloge en bois à cadran fleuri. Une tenture à petits personnages, bergerie. Une cage ronde à écureuil, pendue près de la fenêtre. Grande cheminée à hotte, un reste de feu prisable, une bouilloire qui ronronne. Le Chat aussi. C'est l'après-midi.*

The scene presents a room in the country (ceiling very low) opening on a garden. A Normandy house, old, or rather, old-fashioned; large arm-chairs covered with cloth, a tall wooden clock with a decorated dial. Wallpaper depicting pastoral scenes. A round cage with a squirrel in it, hanging near the window. A large fireplace where a small fire burns peacefully. A teakettle purrs, the cat also. It is afternoon.

*The Child, six or seven years old, is seated before a task which he has just begun. He is extremely lazy. He bites his penholder, scratches his head and sings softly.*

L'Enfant, six ou sept ans, est assis devant un devoir commencé. Il est en pleine crise de paresse, il mord son porte-plume, se gratte la tête et chantonne à demi-voix.

*Häp*

*pp un peu en dehors*

Piano accompaniment in 3/8 time, treble clef.

Vocal line in 3/8 time, bass clef.

*THE CHILD  
L'ENFANT*

J'ai pas envie de faire ma pa - ge,  
*I do not want to learn my les - son,*

Piano accompaniment in 3/8 time.

l'En.

J'ai en . vie d'al . ler me promener.  
*I'd much mth - er go for a walk.*

J'ai en . vie de manger tous les gâ .  
*And I wish I might eat up all the*

Piano accompaniment in 3/8 time.

l'En.

. teaux.  
*cakes.*

J'ai envie de ti . rer la queue du chat Et de cou .  
*Oh, how I'd like to pull the cat's tail ver - y hard And*

Piano accompaniment in 3/8 time.

L'En.

L'En.

*The door opens. Enter Mama (or rather as much as can be seen with the ceiling very low and the entire scale of all the furnishings and all the objects in exaggerated dimensions in order to make more striking the smallness of the Child) that is to say a skirt, the lower part of a silk apron, a steel chain from which hangs a pair of scissors, and a hand. This hand is raised with the index finger pointing.*

*La porte s'ouvre. Entre Maman (ou plutôt ce qu'en laissent voir le plafond très bas et l'échelle de tout le décor où tous les objets assument des dimensions exagérées, pour rendre frappante la petitesse de l'Enfant) c'est-à-dire une jupe, le bas d'un tablier de soie, la chaîne d'acier où pend une paire de ciseaux, et une main. Cette main se lève, interroge de l'index.*

MAMAN, affectueusement. *MAMA, affectionately.*

*The Child makes no reply and pouting, slips down low in his chair. The skirt moves forward, one hand over the copybook. The other hand, higher, holds a tray on which are a teapot and a cup*

*L'Enfant ne répond rien et se laisse glisser, boudeur, en bas de sa chaise. La robe s'avance sur la scène, une main tendue au-dessus du cahier. L'autre main, plus haute, soutient un plateau portant la théière et la tasse du goûter.*

**a Tempo**

Ma.

(The Child is silent)  
(Silence de l'Enfant)

Ma.  
Regrettes-tu ta paresse?  
Have you no shame for your sloth?

**Tempo 1<sup>o</sup>**

Promettez-moi, Bébé, de travail.  
Will you not promise me that you will

(Silence)  
(Silence)

**Più animato**

In reply the Child  
lifts his head towards  
Mama and sticks out his tongue. The skirt draws back  
Pour toute réponse,  
Bébé lève la tête vers  
Maman et tire la langue.

- ler?  
work?

Voulez-vous me demander pardon?  
Will you not ask me to pardon you?

**Più animato**

Oh!!!  
Oh!!!

**Allegro**

The second hand places on the table a plate of lunch.  
La seconde main dépose sur la table le plateau du goûter.

severely  
sévère

**Allegro** Voi-ci le goûter d'un méchant enfant:  
Then here is some tunc for a naughty child:

du thé sans sucre,  
sug-ar-less tea,  
du pain  
and dry

**d = 152**

sec.  
bread.

Res-tez tout seul jus-qu'au dî - ner!  
Re-main a - lone'till din-ner time!

Et son -  
Med. i -

Ma.

- gez à votre faute! Et son.gez à vos de.voirs! Son - gez, son.gez sur -  
tate up - on your fault and up - on your du.ties too! Above all, think of your

Ma.

tout au cha - grin de Ma - man!.. mo - ther's dis - plea - sure, my child!

*The door opens again, the skirt disappears.  
La porte se rouvre, la robe s'en va.*

*The Child, alone, is seized with a frenzy  
of perversity. He stamps and shrieks as  
loud as he can at the door.*

L'Enfant, resté seul, est pris d'une  
frénésie de perversité. Il trépigne et crie  
à pleins poumons vers la porte.

THE CHILD  
L'ENFANT

Presto  $\text{d} = 166$

Ça m'est é - gal!  
I do not care!

Ça m'est é - gal!  
I do not care!

Jus . te . ment  
An - y . way

I'En.

j'ai pas faim!  
I'm not hungry!

Jus . te . ment  
An - y . way

j'aime beaucoup mieux res - ter tout seul!  
I much pre . fer to re - main a - lone!

P'En.

Je n'aime per . sonne!  
I love no one!

Je suis très mé . chant!  
I'm ver - y wick - ed!

*mf*

P'En.

Mé . chant,  
Wick - ed,

mé . chant,  
wick - ed,

mé . chant,  
wick - ed!

*With the back of his hand he sweeps off the teapot and the cup which break into a thousand pieces.  
Il balaye d'un revers de main la théière et la tasse, en mille morceaux.*

8

*ff*

*Then he climbs upon the window sill, opens the squirrel's cage and pricks the little animal with his steel pen.  
The squirrel, wounded, cries out and escapes to the moulding over the window.*

*Puis il grimpe sur la fenêtre, ouvre la cage de l'Ecureuil et veut piquer la petite bête avec sa plume de fer.  
L'Ecureuil, blessé, crie et s'enfuit par l'imposte ouverte de la croisée.*

*agitato*

*p sub.*

*The Child jumps down from the window and pulls the tail of the cat who spits and hides himself under an armchair.  
L'Enfant saute à bas de la fenêtre et tire la queue du chat, qui jure et se cache sous un fauteuil.*

*ff*

6

*THE CHILD, beside himself.  
L'ENFANT, hors de lui.*

*THE BLACK CAT  
LE CHAT*

Hour - rah!  
*Hur - rah!*

Psch!

5                    6

*ff*                *ff*

*He brandishes the poker, stirs up the fire and kicks over the teakettle with his foot:  
Il brandit le tisonnier, fourgonne le Feu, y renverse d'un coup de pied la bouilloire:*

8

*ff*

*agitato*

*p sub.*

*p*

*p*

*clouds of cinders and of smoke.  
flots de cendre et de fumée.*

*THE CHILD  
L'ENFANT*

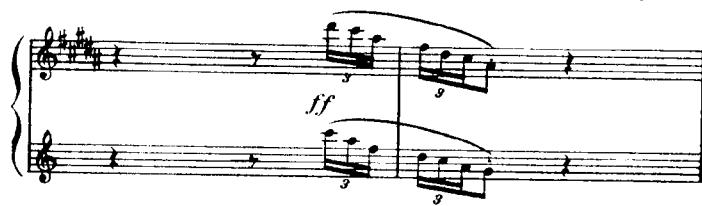
Hourrah!  
*Hur - rah!*

Hourrah!  
*Hur - rah!*

*p*

*He uses the poker like a sword and attacks the little people on the wallpaper which he tears up: large strips of paper are detached from the wall and come down.*

*Il se sert du tisonnier comme d'une épée pour attaquer les petits personnages de la tenture, qu'il lacère: de grands lambeaux de tenture se détachent du mur et pendent.*



*He opens the box of the large clock, hangs on the copper balance which breaks loose in his hands.*

*Il ouvre la boîte de la grande Horloge, se pend au balancier de cuivre, qui lui reste entre les mains.*

*Then, noticing the tablets and books on the table, he tears them to pieces, laughing uproariously.*

*Puis, avisant sur la table les cahiers et les livres, il les met en pièces en riant aux éclats.*

THE CHILD  
L'ENFANT

9

Hour-rah!  
Hur-rah!

Plus de le-çons!  
No more les-sons!

Plus de de.voirs!  
No more du.ties!

l'En.

Je suis li-free, li-free, mé-chant et li-free!

*Satiated with devastation and completely out of breath, he is about to fall into a large armchair covered with flowered cloth. But, oh surprise! the arms of the chair fall apart, the seat steals away and the chair, hobbling along like an enormous toad, moves away.*

*Saoul de dévastation, il va tomber essoufflé entre les bras d'un grand fauteuil couvert d'une housse à fleurs. Mais, ô surprise! les bras du fauteuil s'écartent, le siège se dérobe, et le Fauteuil, clopinant lourdement comme un énorme crapaud, s'éloigne.*

l'En.

- bre!

*(distressed)  
(saisi)*

*Having taken three steps back, the chair returns, heavily and jokingly, and goes to greet a little Louis XV Bergère, which he leads through a measured and grotesque dance.*

*Ayant fait trois pas en arrière, le Fauteuil revient, lourd et goguenard, et s'en va saluer une petite bergère Louis XV, qu'il emmène avec lui pour une danse compassée et grotesque.*

l'En.

Ah!  
Ah!

Lento, maestoso ♩=44

p

(While they are dancing)  
(Pendant qu'ils dansent)

THE BERGERE, with a courtesy  
LA BERGERE, avec une révérence. *mp*

*THE ARMCHAIR*  
*LE FAUTEUIL*

*mp*

Votre ser. I am your  
Votre ser. vi . teur humble, Bergè . re.  
I am your hum . ble ser. vant, Bergè . re.

la  
B.

- van . te, Fauteuil.  
handmaid, Armchair.

le  
F.

Nous voi . là donc débarris.  
Now we're a - bout to rid our-

le  
F.

- sés A ja . mais de cet En - fant Aux ta - lons mé .  
- selves for ev .. er of this child with such wick .. ed

la  
B.

Vous m'en voyez, vous m'en voyez z'ai - se!  
How de-light - ful, You fill me with joy!

le  
F.

- chants.  
heels.

le  
F.

Plus de coussins pour son sommeil,  
No more soft pillows for his sleep,

Plus de sièges pour for

le  
E.

sa rêverie,  
his rêu-er-ié,

Plus de re-  
No more re-

te  
F.

- pos pour lui que sur la ter - re nu - - e.  
- pose for him save on the bar - ren earth.

THE BERGERE  
LA BERGERE

Et en-cor... qui sait?  
And still more... who knows?

Et en-cor... qui sait?  
And still more... who knows?

8-----

8ba

THE BERGERE  
LA BERGERE

13

Nous voi - là donc débarrassés A jamais de cet En - fant.  
Now we're a - bout to rid ourselves for ev - er of this Child.

THE ARMCHAIR  
LE FAUTEUIL

Nous voi - là donc débarris - sés A jamais de cet En - fant Aux talons méchants.  
Now we're a - bout to rid our - selves for ew - er of this Child with such wicked heels.

la  
B.

*f*  
le Ca-na-pe,  
al - so the couch,

le  
F.

Le Banc,  
The bench,

*f*  
the

*f*

*loco*

8

8

la  
B.

*ff*  
... et la Chaise de Pail  
And the wick - er chair

*le...*

le  
F.

Pouf...  
stool...

*f*  
Ne voudront plus, ne voudront plus de l'En - fant.  
We want no more, we want no more of the Child.

*ff*

14 The pieces of furniture which the Armchair and the Bergère have mentioned, lift their arms and their legs and repeat in a chorus:

Les meubles que viennent de nommer le Fauteuil et la Bergère lèvent, qui les bras, qui les pieds, et répètent en chœur:

Motionless and in a stupor, the Child, with his back against the wall, listens and looks on.

Immobile de stupeur, l'Enfant, adossé au mur, écoute et regarde.

Allegro vivo

la.  
B.  
le.  
P.

Plus No more de l'Enfant!  
*ss* *d*  
plus No more de l'Enfant!  
THE BENCH, THE COUCH, THE STOOL, THE WICKER CHAIR  
LE BANC, LE CANAPÉ, LE POUF, LA CHAISE DE PAILLE  
E' HORLOGE COMTOISE THE COMTOISE CLOCK

Ding, ding, ding, ding, Et en-cord ing, ding,  
Ding, ding, ding, ding, And a-gain ding, ding,

Allegro vivo. ♩ = 168

8-----

P.H.

ding! et en-cord ing; et en-cord ing! Je ne peux plus m'arrêter de son.  
ding! and a-gain ding and a-gain ding! I am un-a-ble to stop my own

8-----

P.H.

-ner! Je ne sais plus l'heure qu'il est! Il m'a ô-té mon ba-lan-cier!  
strike! I know not what hour it is! For he has tak-en my bal-ance a-way!

8-----

*The clock advances on two feet which protrude from under his robe of wood. He has a small, round, rosy face in place of a dial and two short, gesticulating arms.*  
*Sur deux pieds, qui dépassent sous sa chemise de bois, l'Horloge avance. Elle a une ronde petite figure rose à la place de son cadran, et deux bras courts gesticulant.*

F.H. J'ai d'affreuses douleurs de ventre! J'ai un courant d'air dans mon centre! Et je commence à diva.  
*I have terrible pains in my stomach! I feel a current of air in my centre! And I begin, I fear, to*

*m.f.*  
*ff*  
*8.*

THE CHILD, frightened L'ENFANT effrayé *f* Ah! l'Horloge marche!  
*Ah! the clock is walking!*

F.H. Ding, ding, ding...  
*- guer!*  
*ram - bble!*

*f* *p*

*mf* Laissez-moi au moins passer, Que j'aille cacher ma honte! Sonner ainsi à mon âge!  
*Will you at least let me pass,* *That I may conceal my shame To strike thus often at my age!*

*p dolce*  
*dolce*

Moi, moi qui son-nais de dou-ces heu-res,  
*I, I who struck the hours sweet and gen-tle,*

I.H.

I.H. Peut - è - tre qu'au - cun n'y fût ja - mais mort...  
 Per - haps - au - one would ev - er have died...

I.H. Si j'a - vais pu con - ti - nuer de son - ner, Tou - tes pa -  
 if I had been a - ble to con - tin - ue to strike them -

I.H. - reil - les les u - nes aux au - tres, Les Heu -  
 e - qual - ly und e - ven - ty, the hours.

I.H. - res! Ah! Laissez - moi cacher ma honte et ma dou - leur Le nez contre le  
 Ah! Al - low me to hide from view my shame and grieves, My nose a - gainst the

*Mournfully striking, the clock crosses the stage and goes to the other end of the room,*  
*Sonnant lamentablement, elle traverse la scène et s'en va à l'autre bout*

PH. *mur! wall!* Ding, ding, ding, ding, ding, ding, ding, ding,

*face to the wall, and becomes motionless.*  
*de la pièce, face au mur, et redevient immobile*

ding, ding, ding... ding... ding... ding...

ding... ding... ding... ding... ding...

*p*  
 ding... ding... ding... ding... ding...

*p*

*Two low, nasal voices are heard,  
 near the floor.*

On entend deux voix nasillardes **THE TEAPOT** (black Wedgwood)  
 au ras du sol. **LA THEIERE** (Wedgwood noir)

**THE CUP** (Chinese)  
**LA TASSE** (chinoise)

How's your mug?

Rotten!

**Allegro non troppo. ♩ = 126**

8'

8'

*THE TEAPOT*  
LA THEIERE

*THE CUP*  
LA TASSE

... better had ...      come on!

8ba      8.      8.      8.

*THE TEAPOT (with an affected, threatening manner)*  
LA THEIERE (avec une menace doucereuse et des

Black, and costaud, Black and

8.      8.

*and the airs of a champion boxer*  
manières de champion de boxe)

la Th.

chic, Black, black, black,      jol - ly fel - low, jol - ly fel - low, black,      I punch, Sir,

mf

la Th.

I punch your no-se,

la Th.

I punch, I knock out you, stupid chose! Black, black, and

la Th.

thick, and vrai beaugosse, and vrai beau gosse, I boxe you, I boxe

la Th.

you, I marm' lad' you.

*THE CUP(to the Child, threatening him with his pointed and gilded fingers)*  
*La TASSE (à l'Enfant, en le menaçant de ses doigts pointus et dorés)*  
*p espressivo, portando*

la Th.

Keng - ca - fou, Mah - - jong, Keng - - ca -

8

*p*

la T.

fou, Puis kong-kong - pran - pa, Ça - oh - râ, Ça - oh -

la T.

- râ, Ça - oh - râ, Ça - oh - râ... Cas ka - ra, ha - ra - ki - ri, Ses - sue Ha - ya - ka -

la T.

- wa! Hâ! Hâ! Hâ! Ça - oh - râ, Ça - oh - râ, Hâ!

*mf*

*espressivo*

la  
T.

*mf*

— Ça - oh - râ, Ça - oh - râ, Ça - oh - râ tou - jours l'air —

8

*mf*

chi - no - â.

*marcato*

*f espressivo*

*THE CUP  
LA TASSE*

p

Hâ! — Ca . oh . râ

p sub.

*THE TEAPOT  
LA THEIERE*

*salsetto*

Hâ! — Ca - oh - râ tou - jours l'air —

tou - jours, — tou - jours, Ca - oh - râ, — Ca - oh - râ l'air —

8

*p*

*mf*

La T. chi - no - â. Ping, pong, ping...  
 La Th. chi - no - â. I boxe you  
 8

Ping, pong, ping... Pong,  
 I boxe you Ping, ping,  
 ff mf

*Dancing, the Teapot and the Cup disappear.  
 La Théière et la Tasse disparaissent en dansant.*

pong. Ah! — kek - ta fouhtuh d'mon Kaoua?  
 ping. Ah! — kek - ta fouhtuh d'mon Kaoua?  
 ff

*Version nouvelle plus aiguë*

*THE CHILD, stricken,  
L'ENFANT, atterré*

En.

*The sun has gone down, its horizontal rays turn red. The child shivers with fear and loneliness;  
Le soleil a baissé. Ses rayons horizontaux deviennent rouges. L'Enfant frissonne de peur*

*he approaches the fire which sputters a burning spark in his face.  
et de solitude; il se rapproche du Feu, qui lui crache une fusée étincelante..*

*The Fire, bounding out from the chimney, thin, pale, flaring;  
Le Feu, bondissant hors de la cheminée, mince, pailleté, éblouissant:*

**Allegro**

*THE FIRE  
LE FEU*

*ff*

le  
F.

8

le  
F.

re!  
gloss.

8

*Je réchauffe les  
I fill the good with  
simile*

le  
F.

bons, Je réchauffe les bons, mais je brûle les méchants. — Pe-  
warmth, I fill the good with warmth, but I burn up the wick — ed! Be-  
simile

le  
F.

tit bar-bar-re, bar-bare im-prudent, tu as in-sulté à tous les Dieux bien-veil-  
ware lit-il le sav-age bold and reck-less, you've in-sult-ed bit-ter-ly the friend-ly gods

le F.

lants quitendaient en - tre le malheur et toi  
whose — sa - vor is the bar - ri - er they hold

la fra - gli - le bar - riè - re! Ah!  
between you and mis - for - tune! Ah!

le F.

Ah! Ah! Ah! Ah! Ah! Ah!

le F.

Ah! Tu as brandi le ti - son - nier,  
The poker you have flour - ished,

ren - ver - sé la bouil -  
up - set the ket - tle

le F.

loire, é - par - pil - lé les al - lu - met - tes, ga - - -  
too, and you have scattered all the match - es, Take - - -

1e  
E.

- rel care!  
Ga - re au Feu dansant!  
Be - ware of the Fire!  
Tu foudrais comme un flo - con sur sa langue é \_car -  
You will melt just like a snow-flake on his tongue of

1e  
E.

- la - - tel  
- - let!

*ff*

*p subito*

1e  
E.

*p*

Ah!

1e  
E.

*f*

*f*

le F.

*ss* > Ah!

le F.

*mf* > Ga - re! Je ré-chauffe les bons!  
Take care! I fill the good with warmth!

le F.

*più f* Ga - re! Je brû - le les mé - chants! Ga - re!  
Take care! I burn up the wicked! Take care!

le F.

*ff* > Ga - re! Ah! Gare à  
Take care! Ah! Take

*The Fire darts forward and pursues the Child who shields himself with the furniture.  
Le Feu s'élançait, et poursuit d'abord l'Enfant qui s'abrite derrière les meubles.*

1e F.

to! care!

Piu vivo ed accelerando

ff

8

Presto  $\text{d} = 168$

8

*Behind the Fire, springing from his footsteps, rises the Cinder. She is gray, undulating, speechless, and the Fire does not see her at first. Then, having seen her, he plays with her.*

*Derrière le Feu, née sous ses pas, monte la Cendre. Elle est grise, onduleuse, muette, et le Feu ne la voit pas d'abord. Puis, l'ayant vue, il joue avec elle.*

Modto  $\text{d} = 72$

pp

8

Led.

*THE FIRE She plays with him.*

*LE FEU Elle joue avec lui...*

*She tries to subdue the Fire under her long gray veils.*

*Elle tente, sous ses longs voiles gris, de maîtriser le Feu.*

mp

Ah! Ah! Ah! Ah! Ah!

Ah!

8

8

*He laughs, escapes and dances.  
Il rit, s'échappe, et danse.*

Ah! Ah! Ah! Ah! Ah! Ah!

*The play continues until, tired of struggling, the Fire permits himself to be bound.  
Le jeu continue jusqu'au moment où, las de lutter, le Feu se laisse étreindre.*

Ah! Ah! Ah! Ah! Ah! Ah! Ah! Ah! Ah!

*He makes a last effort to free himself, burns for an instant,  
Il tente un dernier sursaut pour se libérer, brille encore un instant,*

Ah! Ah!

*Au moment où il cesse de briller, l'ombre envahit la chambre,  
le crépuscule est venu, il étoile déjà les vitres, et la couleur  
du ciel présage le lever de la pleine lune.*

*THE CHILD  
L'ENFANT, à demi-voix. (in a whisper)*

*then falls asleep enrobed in her long arms and veils.  
puis s'endort, roulé dans les longs bras et les longs voiles.* J'ai peur, — j'ai peur!  
*I'm a - fraid,* I'm a - fraid!

*The moment he ceases to burn, shadows pervade the room. Twilight is coming; already  
the window panes are starry and the color of the sky predicts the rising of the full moon.*

Ah! **Moderato d=84**

*Little sounds of laughter reply to him. He looks about and sees the torn pieces of wallpaper rising up. A procession of little people painted on the paper advance, a little ridiculous and very touching. There are the shepherdess, the shepherd, the sheep, the dog, the goats, etc...*

*A naive music of pipes and tambourines accompanies them.*

Des rires menus lui répondent. Il cherche, et voit se soulever les lambeaux déchirés de la tenture. Tout un cortège des petits personnages peints sur le papier, suivant, un peu ridicules, et très touchants. Il y a la Pastourelle, le Pâtre, les moutons, le chien, la chèvre, etc...

Une musique naïve de pipeaux et de tambourins les accompagnent.

*LES PASTORES  
THE SHEPHERDESSES*

*LES PÂTRES  
THE SHEPHERDS*

SOPRANI

CONTRALTI

TENORI

BASSI

S.

C.

T.

B.

*Pastoureaux, a - dieu!  
Shepherd boys, fare - well!*

*Nous n'irons*

*A - dieu, pas-tou - rel - les  
Fare - well, Shepherd - ess - es  
No lon - ger*

No lon - ger shall we  
Nous n'i - rons plus sur

S. - - - - -

C. - - - - -

shall plus we l'her-be pas-ture our green sheep in fields of pur - ple hue! —  
sur mau - ve Pai - tre nos verts mou - tons!

T. An — — — — —

B. — — — — —

pas-ture our green sheep in fields of pur - ple hue!  
l'her-be mau - ve Pai - tre nos verts mou - tons!

S. An — — — — —

C. — — — — —

T. Unis > Las, no - tre chèvre amaran - te!  
Woe, to our goat amarun - thine!

B. — — — — —

S. *mp* Las, nos a - gneaux roseten\_dre!  
Woe, to our lambs soft and ros-y!

C.

T. *mf* Las, nos ce - ri\_ses zinzo\_lin! No -  
Woe, to our vi\_olets red! Our

B.

*pp* No - - - tre chien  
Our dog of

S. bleu!  
blue!

C.

T. bleu!  
blue!

B. *mp* Le bras ten -  
When we em -

S. *mp* La bouche en cœur, pas tou - reaux, E - ter - nels sem -  
 With head on breast, Shep - herds, Ev - er - last - ing  
 C. *p*

T. du, pastou - rel - les, Nos amours semblaient é - ter - nel  
 bmed, Shepherd - ess - es, E - ter - nal seemed to us our pas -

B. *p*

*A ballet of little people, who express in their dance their grief at being separated.*

*Ballet des petits personnages, qui expriment, en dansant, le chagrin de ne pouvoir plus se joindre.*

S. blai - ent nos pi - peaux. — *#*  
 seemed all our pipes. —

C.

T. les, nos pi - peaux. — *#*  
 sion and our pipes. —

B.

c.

B.

C.

D.

c.

B.

C.

(b)

D.

c.

B.

C.

D.

A SHEPHERD  
UN PÂTRE

*p*

L'Enfant méchant a déchi ré No\_tre tendre his-toi\_re.  
The wick ed Child has cruel ly de-stroyed our ten-der sto-ry.

un  
*P.*

Pâ-tre de ci, Pastourelle de là, l'Enfant mé-chant qui nous  
A shepherd here, a shepherdess there, the wick-ed Child who owes to .

## UNE PASTOURELLE

une  
P.

Pâ - tre de ci,  
A Shepherd here,

Pâ - tre de ci,  
A Shepherd here,

doit Son premier sou - ri - re.  
us his ver - y first smile.

c.

B.

une  
P.

là, there,

L'Enfant mé - chant qui nous doit Son premier sou - ri - re.  
The wicked Child who owes to us his ver - y first smile.

une  
P.

Pastourel - le de là, L'Enfant mé - chant qui nous doit Son premier sou - ri - re.  
a - Shepherdess there, the wicked Child who owes to us his ver - y first smile.

c.

B.

Rall.

une P. L'Enfant in - grat qui dor - mait sous la gar - de De no \_tre chien bleu.  
Ungrateful Child who has slept while our blue dog kept watch o - ver him.

C.

B.

Rall.

**Più lento**  
*p espressivo*

Las, no - tre chèvre a\_ ma\_ran \_ tel a Tempo  
Woe to am\_a - ranthine goat!

UN PÂTRE Las, nos ro - ses et verts mou - tons!  
Woe to lambkins of rose and green!

SOPRANI

LES PASTOURES, THE SHEPHERDESSES CONTRALTI *pp*

TENORI *pp* Z

LES PÂTRES, THE SHEPHERDS BASSI A - dieu, pas tou - rel - les!  
Fare well, Shepherd - ess - es!

**Più lento** *pp* Z

**a Tempo**

*They go away and with them the music of bagpipes and tambourines. The Child is stretched full length on the floor, his face buried in his crossed arms. He weeps.*  
*Ils s'en vont, et avec eux la musique de cornemuses et de tambourins. L'Enfant s'est laissé glisser tout de son long à terre, la figure sur ses bras croisés. Il pleure.*

pp

S. Pas\_tou\_reaux, a - dieu!  
Shepherd boys fare - well!

C.

T.

B.

D.

*He is lying on the torn leaves of books; and it is one of these large pages, on which he is stretched, which rises like a slab of marble in Il est couché sur les feuillets lacérés des livres, et c'est l'un des grands feuillets, sur lequel il est étendu, qui se soulève comme une dalle,*

perdendosi

C. perdendosi

B. perdendosi

D. perdendosi

order to let pass, first, a languid hand, then a golden head of hair and finally, an adorable Princess of a fairy story, who seems hardly awake and who stretches her arms weighted with jewels.

pour laisser passer d'abord une main langoureuse, puis une chevelure d'or, puis toute une Princesse adorable de conte de Fées, qui semble à peine éveillée, et étire ses bras chargés de joyaux.

C. THE CHILD, amazed.  
L'ENFANT, émerveillé.

THE PRINCESS  
LA PRINCESSE

l'En. Ah!

la Pr. Lento  $\text{♩} = 40$

D. & F. 10,699

order to let pass, first, a languid hand, then a golden head of hair and finally, an adorable Princess of a fairy story, who seems hardly awake and who stretches her arms weighted with jewels.

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THE CHILD, amazed.  
L'ENFANT, émerveillé.

THE PRINCESS  
LA PRINCESSE

l'En. Ah!

la Pr. Lento  $\text{♩} = 40$

D. & F. 10,699

la  
P.

Cel - le que tu ap - pe - lais dans ton son - ge, La nuit pas - sée.  
she — for whom you cried out in your dream - ing on - ly last night.

The music consists of two staves. The top staff is for the piano, showing a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The bottom staff is for the voice, also in a treble clef and one flat. The vocal line starts with eighth-note chords and then moves to eighth-note patterns. Measure numbers 18 and 19 are indicated above the staves.

la  
P.

Celle dont l'histoi - re, commencée hi - er, Te tint é - veil - lé si long - temps.  
She whose story first read by you yes - terday, kept sleep from your eyes a long time.

The piano part continues with eighth-note chords. The vocal line begins with eighth-note chords and then shifts to eighth-note patterns. Measure numbers 18 and 19 are indicated above the staves.

la  
P.

Tu te chantais à toi-mê - me: "Elle est blon - de, A .vec des yeux couleur du temps."  
You have been singing to your - self: "She is blonde with eyes the col - or of the skies."

The piano part features eighth-note chords. The vocal line follows a similar pattern to the previous systems. Measure numbers 18 and 19 are indicated above the staves.

la  
P.

Tu me cherchais dans le cœur de la ro - se Et dans le par - fum du lys  
You have sought me in the heart of the rose — and the per - fume — of the

The piano part continues with eighth-note chords. The vocal line follows a similar pattern to the previous systems. Measure numbers 18 and 19 are indicated above the staves.

la P.

blanc. Tu me cher - chais, tout pe - tit a - mou - reux,  
lit - y. You have ... sought me, lit - tle lov - er of mine,

Rall.

la P.

Et j'é - tais, de.puis hi.er, ta premiè.re bien ai - mé - el - ed!  
and I've been, since yester-day, your first and best be - lov - ed!

L'ENFANT THE CHILD pp

Ah! Ah! c'est El -  
Tis she -

Rall.

a Tempo

la P.

Mais tu as dé.chi - ré le li - vre, Que va-t-il ar - ri - ver de -  
But since you have destroyed the book, what is going to happen to -

le, c'est El - le!  
Tis she!

a Tempo

Rit.

la P.

TEn.

Rit.

**Moderato**

la P.

moi? *me?* Qui Who sait knows si if le the ma - -

**Moderato** ♩ = 80

la P.

- lin en chan teur Ne va pas me ren dre au som meil de la -  
- li cious en chant er with not put me to sleep for -

**Accel. poco a poco al animato**

la P.

mort, Ou bien dis sou - - dre en nu -  
- ev er, or else change me in to en to a

la P.

é - - - - e? Dis, n'as - tu  
cloud? Tell me, can

Ia  
P.

poco cresc.

pas you re - - gret d'i - gno - rer à ja - mais Le  
for - - ev - er ig - nore my sad fate, the

Ia  
P.

sort fate de ta pre - miè re bien ai - -  
of your first and best be - -

Ia  
P.

mé - - e?  
lov - - ed?  
L'ENFANT, tremblant.  
THE CHILD, trembling. Oh!  
Oh! Please ne t'en vas pas!  
do not go!

Res Stay! - - te!

IEn.

Dis - moi... Tell me... Et the l'ar - bre où chan . tait the l'Oi - - seau  
tree in which the blue - bird

THE PRINCESS, pointing to the scattered leaves.  
LA PRINCESSE, désignant les feuilllets épars.

*mf*

Vois ses bran - - - - - ches, vois ses fruits,  
See its branch - - - - - es, see its fruits,

T'En. bleu?  
sang?

Piano accompaniment with dynamic markings: cresc., poco, a, poco.

la  
P. hé - - las...  
a - - las... *anxiously mf*

T'En. Et ton col - lier, ton col - lier ma -  
Your mug - ie neck lace, where is it

Piano accompaniment with slurs and dynamic markings: *anxiously mf*, *mf*.

**Animato**  
de même *f*

la  
P. Vois ses an - neaux rom - pus, hé - - las...  
See all these bro - ken rings, a - - las...

T'En. - gi - que? now? *ff*  
**Animato** Ton Che va -  
Your cav - a -

Piano accompaniment with slurs and dynamic markings: *ff*, *f*.

**Meno mosso**  $\text{d}=63$ 

I'En.

- lier?  
- lier?  
Le  
The  
Prince  
Prince

I'En.

au  
with  
Ci  
a  
mier  
crest  
the  
cou  
col  
or  
d'au  
of

**Più animato**

I'En.

ro  
dawn  
re?  
Ah!  
Ah!  
qu'il vien  
ne, a  
I know  
he will

**Più animato**  $\text{d}=96$

I'En.

vec son é pée...  
come with his sword!  
Si j'a vais u ne é pée!  
If I had but a sword.  
Une é but a

VEn.

- pée! Ah! dans mes bras, dans mes bras! Viens, Come  
sword! Ah! in my arms, in my arms! Come,

VEn.

Viens! je sau . rai te dé - fen - dre! Come! I will bold . ly de - fend you!

THE PRINCESS, twisting her arms.  
LA PRINCESSE, se tordant les bras.

**a Tempo (Lento)**

Hé - las! petit ami tropfai - ble,  
A - las! my lit - tle, fee - ble friend,

**a Tempo (Lento)**

Ia P.

Que peux-tu pour moi? Sait on la du . rée d'un rê - ve? Mon son . ge é . tait si long, si long,  
what can you do for me? Ah, what is the length of a dream? My dream was so long, so long.

**Rall.**

la P.

Que peut-être, à la fin du son - ge, Q'eu't é - té toi \_\_\_\_\_ le Prince au Ci -  
that per-haps at the end of the dream, I might have found you, \_\_\_\_\_ the Prince with the  
**Rall.**

la P.

- mier crest d'au ro crim - re!

The floor moves and opens under her.  
Le sol bouge et s'ouvre au-dessous d'elle.

**Molto animato**  
elle appelle (she calls) *ff*

**Accelerando**

**Molto animato** *A Oh,*

**pp**

la P.

l'ai - de! A help me! Oh, l'ai - de! help me!  
Le Sommeil et la Sleep and Night wish to Nuit veu. lent me re - a. way

**ff**

*But an invisible force envelops the Princess who disappears under the earth.  
Mais une force invisible aspire la Princesse qui disparaît sous la terre.*

**Rall.**

la P. - pren - dre! A l'ai - de!  
from you! Oh help me!

*THE CHILD, vainly holding her back by her golden hair, by her veils, by her long white hands.  
L'ENFANT, la retenant en vain par sa chevelure d'or, par ses voiles, par ses longues mains blanches.*

H àp Mon épée! My sword! Mon épée! My sword! Mon épée! My sword!

**Rall.** **Rall.** **Rall.** **Rall.** **Rall.**

**Tempo 1<sup>o</sup>****pp****Andante ♩ = 63****pp sostenuto**

*THE CHILD, alone and desolate  
L'ENFANT, seul et désolé.*

*à mi-voix (in a whisper)***pp**

Toi, le cœur de la ro - se, Toi, le parfum du lys blanc,  
You, the heart of the rose, you, the perfume of the li - ly.

l'En. Toi, tes mains et ta cou - ron - ne, Tes yeux bleus et tes jo - yaux...  
You, your hands and your crown, your blue eyes and your bright jewels.

F'En.

*p*

Tu ne m'as laissé, comme un rayon de lune, Qu'un cheveu d'or sur mon épaule,  
You have only left me, like a ray of light, a golden hair up-on my shoul- der,

{

*p*

F'En.

*più p*

Un cheveu d'or... et les débris d'un rêve...  
a gold-en hair... and fragm ents of a dream...

{

*più p*

*pp*

*He leans over and seeks in vain, among the scattered leaves, the end of the fairy tale.*

*Il se penche, et cherche parmi les feuillets épars la fin du conte de Fées, mais en vain.*

**Poco animato**

*Il cherche (He seeks)*

*mp*

Rien...

*Noth-ing...*

Tous ceux-

*These are*

**Poco animato**

*mp*

*He pushes them with his foot.  
Il les pousse du pied.*

Mais de petites voix aigres sortent d'entre les pages, qui se soulèvent et laissent voir les malicieuses et grimaçantes petites figures des chiffres.

F'En.

*p*

-ci sont des livres ariades, D'a.mè.res et sèches leçons, But sharp little voices come out from between the  
nothing but dusty old books of les.sons so stu.pid and leaves which rise up and disclose the malicious  
dry. and grimacing little forms of numbers.

{

*p ff*

**Presto** *d=112*

*Emerging from a large album, opened in the shape of a roof, is a little humpbacked, crooked, bearded old man with a π for a hat, a tape measure for a belt, and armed with a ruler.*

*D'un grand album, plié en forme de toit, sort un petit vieillard bossu, crochu, barbu, vêtu de chiffres, coiffé d'un π, ceinturé d'un mètre de couturière et armé d'une équerre.*

*He holds a wooden book with which he beats time, and he walks with little dancing steps while reciting fragments of problems.  
Il tient un livre de bois qui claque en mesure, et il marche à tous petits pas dansés, en récitant des bribes de problèmes.*

THE LITTLE OLD MAN  
LE PETIT VIEILLARD

mf

Deux ro.bi.nets cou.lent dans un ré.ser.voir!  
Two faucets of wa.ter run in.to a tank!

simile

le p.  
V.

Deux trains omni.bus se quittent u.ne gare à vingt mi.nutes d'inter.valle,  
Two trains in a sta.tion. One goes out at noon, the oth.er twenty min.utes lat.er,  
Val.le, val.le, val.le!  
lat.er, lat.er, lat.er!

le p.  
V.

U.ne pa.y.san.ne, Zanne, zanne, zan.ne, Porte tous ses œufs au mar.ché!  
One old village peas.ant, peasant, peasant, peasant, carries all her eggs to mar.ket!

le p.  
V.

Un marchand d'e.tof.fe, Tof.fe,toffe, tof.fe, A vendu six mè.tres de drap!  
Once a hab.er.dash.er, dasher, dasher, dash.er, sold a piece of cloth six yards long!

*He sees the Child and assumes a very malevolent manner.*

Il aperçoit l'Enfant et se dirige vers lui de plus malveillante manière.

*THE CHILD, at his wit's ends  
L'ENFANT, affolé*

*quasi parlando*

Mon Dieu!  
*Oh, Oh!*

c'est l'A\_rith\_mé - tique!  
*'Tis A\_rith\_me - tic!*

8-----

*THE OLD MAN, acquiescing.*

LE PETIT VIEILLARD, acquiesçant

*He dances around the Child, increasing his malicious gibes.*

Il danse autour de l'Enfant en multipliant les passes maléfiques.

Ti que, ti que, ti que!  
Me - tic, me - tic, me - tic!

*lifting the leaves and bawling.*

*f soulevant les feuillets et piaillant.*

LES CHIFFRES (THE NUMBERS)

Ti que, ti que, ti que!  
Me - tic, me - tic, me - tic!

le p.  
v.

*falsetto*

Quatre et quat<sup>1</sup> dix - huit,  
Four and four eight - een,

8-----  
*gliss.*

le p.  
v.

*increasing the voice  
grossissant la voix*

Onze et six vingt - cinq, Quatre et quat<sup>1</sup> dix - huit, Sept fois neuf trent' - trois.  
ten and six twen - ty, four and four eight - een, Two times nine thir - ty.

54

*THE CHILD, surprised*  
*L'ENFANT, surpris*

*p*

Sept fois neuf trent' - trois?  
 Two times nine thir - ty?  
 (same action)  
 (même jeu)  
**LES CHIFFRES (THE NUMBERS)**

Sept fois neuf trent' - trois.  
 Two times nine thir - ty.

*p*

*bewildered*  
*égaré*

*l'En.*

*THE LITTLE OLD MAN*  
*LE PETIT VIEILLARD*

Quatre et quat'?

*Four and four?*

*whispering*  
*soufflant (chuchoté)*

Onze et six?

*Ten and six?*

*They emerge from under the leaves.*  
*Ils sortent de dessous les feuilles.*

*Dix - huit!*  
*eight - een!*

*les Ch.*

Quatre et quat'?

*four and four?*

*partie*

(same action)  
 (même jeu)

Onze et six?

*Ten and six?*

*Dix - huit!*  
*eight - een!*

*boldly exaggerating*  
*exagérant résolument*

*l'En.*

Quatre et quat'?

*four and four?*

*partie*

(same action)  
 (même jeu)

Trois fois neuf

*Three times nine*

quat' cent!

*four hundred!*

*Dix - huit!*  
*eight - een!*

*le p.*

*V.*

*les Ch.*

Vingt - cinq!  
*twen - ty!*

*f*

*He sways to the movement of the round.  
Il se balance pour prendre le mouvement de la ronde.*

**Moderato subito e accel.**

le p. v.

Mil\_li\_mètre, Cen\_tí\_mètre, Dé\_ci\_mètre, Dé\_ca\_mètre, Hecto\_mètre, Ki\_lo\_mètre,  
*Mil.li.me.ter, Cen.ti.me.ter, Dec.i.me.ter, Dec.a.me.ter, Hec.to.me.ter, Kil.o.me.ter,*

**a Tempo**

le p. v.

Myriamètre, Faut t'y met\_tre, Quel\_le fê\_tre! Des millions, Des billions, Des trillions,  
*Myria.me.ter, An.y me.ter, you may mete'er! Mill.ions, Bill.ions, Trill.ions,*

le p. v.

Et des frac\_cil\_lions! The Numbers draw the Child into their dance.  
*And frac\_cil\_lions! Les Chiffres entraînent l'Enfant dans leur danse.*

**LES CHIFFRES (THE NUMBERS)** *sf*

Deux ro\_binets cou\_lent dans un ré\_ser\_voir!  
*Two fau-cets of wa.ter run in-to a tank!*

les Ch.

Deux trains om\_ni\_bus\_se, Quittent u\_ne gare à vingt mi\_nu\_tes d'in\_te...  
*Two trains in a sta\_tion, One goes out at noon, the oth\_er twenty min\_utes...*

THE LITTLE OLD MAN  
LE PETIT VIEILLARD

*p*

U\_n\_e pa\_y\_san\_ne, zan\_ne, zan\_ne, zan\_ne, por\_te tous ses...  
One old vil\_lage peas\_ant, peas\_ant, peas\_ant, car ries all her...

THE NUMBERS  
LES CHIFFRES

*f*

Un marchand d'é\_tof\_fe, Tof\_fe, tof\_fe, tof\_fe, a vendu six...  
Once a hab\_er dash\_er, dash\_er, dash\_er, sold a piece of...

THE LITTLE OLD MAN  
LE PETIT VIEILLARD

*p*

Deux ro\_bi\_nets cou\_lent, cou\_lent, cou\_lent, cou\_lent, dans un ré\_ser\_voir!  
Two fai\_cets of wa\_ter, wa\_ter, wa\_ter, wa\_ter, run in\_to a tank!

8.

le p.  
v.

voir!  
tank!

THE NUMBERS  
LES CHIFFRES

*mf*

U\_n\_e pa\_y\_san\_ne, zan\_ne, zan\_ne, s'en va\_t'au mar\_carries all her...  
One old vil\_lage peas\_ant, peas\_ant, peas\_ant, car ries all her...

8.

*ff RONDE FOLLE*

le p. V.

Trois fois neuf?  
Three times nine?

Deux fois six?  
Two times six?

Quatre et quat'?  
Four and four?

les Ch.

ché... eggs... Trent'- trois,  
for - ty

Vingt - sept,  
Eight - een,

Quatre et quat'?  
Four and four?

*p Accel. poco a poco*

*ff*

Trois fois neuf?  
Three times nine?

Deux fois six?  
Two times six?

Quatre et quat'?  
Four and four?

les Ch.

Quatre et quat? Quatre et quat?  
Four and four? Four and four?

Trent'-trois,  
For - ty,

Vingt-sept,  
Eight - een,

le p. V.

Deux fois six trente et un!  
Two times six thir - ty-one!

les Ch.

Quatre et quat'? Quatre et quat'? Quatre et quat'?  
Four and four? Four and four? Four and four?

Deux fois six six trente et  
Two times six six thir - ty-

cresc. e accel. poco a poco

le p. v.  
Quatre et sept cinquante-neuf! Deux fois six trente et un! Quatre et sept cinquante-neuf!  
*Four and eight fifty-nine!* *Two times six* *thirty-one!* *Four and eight fifty-nine!*

les Ch.  
un! Quatre et sept cinquante-neuf! Deux fois six trente et un! Quatre et sept cinquante-neuf!  
*one!* *Four and eight fifty-nine!* *Two times six thirty-one!* *Four and eight fifty-nine!*

cresc. e accel. poco a poco

Cinq fois cinq qua rante-trois! Sept et quat' cinquante-cinq! Cinq fois cinq qua rante-trois!  
*Two times five forty-three!* *Eight and four fifty-five!* *Two times five forty-three!*

les Ch.  
neuf! Cinq fois cinq quarante-trois! Sept et quat' cinquante-cinq! Cinq fois cinq quarante-neuf!  
*Two times five forty-three!* *Eight and four fifty-five!* *Two times five forty-nine!*

Trent' - trois!  
Six - teen!

le p. v.  
Sept et quat' cinquante-cinq! Five and eight, five and eight, five and eight,  
*Eight and four fifty-five!* *Cinq et sept cinq et sept cinq et sept*

les Ch.  
trois! Sept et quat' cinquante-cinq! Quatre et quat' quatre et quat' quatre et quat' quatre et  
*three!* *Eight and four fifty-five!* *Four and four, four and four, four and four, four and four,*

Vingt - cinq!  
Fif - ty!

Trent' - sept!  
Six - teen!

### Prestissimo

*The Child becomes giddy and falls full length on the ground.  
L'Enfant tombe, étourdi, tout de son long.*

le p.  
V.

five and eight, five and eight, five and eight, five and eight,  
Cinq et sept, cinq et sept, cinq et sept, cinq et sept,

*fff Ah!*

les  
Ch.

quat', quatre et quat', quatre et quat', quatre et quat', quatre et  
four, four and four, four and four, four and four, four and

*qua...!  
fo...!*

*fff*  
8

*The little old man and the chorus move away  
Le Petit Vieillard et le Chœur s'éloignent (fausse sortie)*

le p.  
V.

*Appearing at the side of the stage.  
Paraissant d'un côté de la scène.*

*mf*

Quatre et quat' dix - huit!  
Four and four eigh - teen!

THE NUMBERS  
*LES CHIFFRES*

(same action)  
(même jeu)

Onze et six vingt-cinq!  
Ten and six twen - ty!

(same action)  
whispering (*même jeu*)  
*chuchote*

Trent'-trois!  
Thir - ty!

8

THE LITTLE OLD MAN  
LE PETIT VIEILLARD

(same action)

whispering *p* (*même jeu*)  
*chuchoté*

Z'huit!  
Steen!

*pp*

8

L'Enfant se relève péniblement sur son séant. La lune est levée, elle éclaire la pièce. Le Chat noir sort lentement de dessous le fauteuil. Il s'étire, bâille et fait sa toilette.

*The Child does not see him at first and wearily stretches himself, his head on a footstool.  
L'Enfant ne le voit pas d'abord et s'étend, harassé, la tête sur un coussin de pieds.*

**Adagio****L'ENFANT THE CHILD P**

*The Child sits up with difficulty. The moon has risen and lights up the room. A black cat slowly crawls out from under a chair. He stretches himself, yawns and washes himself.*

*Oh! ma tête - te!  
Oh! my head!*

**Adagio**

*P espressivo*

*The cat plays, rolling a ball of wool.  
Le Chat joue, et roule une balle de laine.*

l'En.

**Allegro**

*He approaches the Child and tries to play with his blond head as with a ball.*

*Il arrive auprès de l'Enfant et veut jouer avec la tête blonde comme avec une pelote.*

**Rit.**

*He partly rises and sees the cat.*

*Il se relève à demi et voit le Chat.*

**Adagio**

*C'est toi Chat? Que tu es grand et terrible!  
'Tis you Cat? How big undreadful you are!*

*Tu parles aussi, sans doute?  
No doubt you too can speak?*

**Adagio**

*The white cat appears in the garden.*

*The black cat interrupts his play.*

La Chatte blanche paraît dans le jardin.

Le Chat interrompt son jeu.

**Adagio**

**Allegro**

LA CHATTE THE CAT

THE CAT shakes his head, spits and turns away from the Child. He plays with his ball.  
LE CHAT fait signe que non, jure et se détourne  
de l'Enfant. Il joue avec sa pelote.

Mi.in.hou

Khh!

**Allegro**

**Adagio**

la Ch.

**Andante**

*pp très tendre*

Mi - in - hou!

hummed  
bouche fermée

le Ch.

**Andante.**  $\text{♩} = 66$

*p*

*pp*

Môr-nâ-ou nâ-ou,

Moâ-ou.

la Ch.

*p*

*pp*

Môr-nâ-ou, nâ-ou, Moâ-ou,

Mi.in.hou.

Mé - in - hou,

le Ch.

hummed  
bouche fermée

Môr-nâ-ou,

*p*

*coyly withdrawing  
dérobade coquette*

la Ch. *Mé - in - hon,* *pp* *Mi - in - hon, attempting to approach Ft!*  
*tentative d'approche*

le Ch. *Môr - nâ - ou,* *Môr - nâ - ou,* *Mi - in - hon,*

la Ch. *Mon-hin mî-hin, Moâ-raïn Mon-hou Mâ - râ - on*

le Ch. *Môr - nâ - ou nâ - ou, Mô - in - hon, Mon-hin,*

la Ch. *Mé - râ - hon.* *legatissimo (sempre portando)* *cresc.*

le Ch. *Mon-hin, Mon-hin hon - hon hon hon hon hon hon -*

The musical score consists of three staves of music for two voices. The top staff is for 'la Ch.' (Treble clef) and the bottom staff is for 'le Ch.' (Bass clef). The lyrics are written below the notes. The first section starts with 'Mé - in - hon,' followed by a dynamic 'pp' and 'Mi - in - hon, attempting to approach Ft! tentative d'approche'. The second section continues with 'Môr - nâ - ou,' and 'Môr - nâ - ou,' followed by 'Mi - in - hon,'. The third section begins with 'Mon-hin mî-hin, Moâ-raïn' followed by 'Mon-hou Mâ - râ - on'. The fourth section continues with 'Môr - nâ - ou nâ - ou,' followed by 'Mô - in - hon,' and 'Mon-hin,'. The final section starts with 'Mé - râ - hon.' followed by 'legatissimo (sempre portando)' and 'cresc.'. The lyrics end with 'Mon-hin, Mon-hin hon - hon hon hon hon hon hon hon -'. The music includes various dynamics like 'p', 'pp', and 'cresc.', and performance instructions like 'legatissimo' and 'cresc.'. The score is in common time and uses a key signature of four sharps.

*The black cat joins the white cat. The Child timorously follows him, attracted by the garden. At this moment Le Chat va rejoindre la Chatte. L'Enfant le suit peureusement, attiré par le jardin. A ce moment, legatissimo (sempre portando)*

la Ch.      Cresc.      poco      a      poco  
Le Ch.      poco      a      poco  
8

Mé-in-hon hin-hon hé-hin hon Hé-hin-hon hé-hin hon hin-hon.  
- hin-hon, Mé-in-hé-in-hon hin hé-in, Mé-in-é-in-hon hin hin-houin.

*the walls part, the ceiling disappears and the Child finds himself with the two cats, transported into the garden les parois s'écartent, le plafond s'envole et l'Enfant se trouve, avec le Chat et la Chatte, transporté*

la Ch.      ff      ff      ff  
Le Ch.      ff      ff      ff  
8

Houin houin-hon houin houin-hon, houin houin-hon houin-hon hin...  
- hon, houin houin-hon, houin houin-hon houin-hon houin-hon hin...

*lighted by the full moon and the pale rosy afterglow of the sunset.  
dans le jardin éclairé par la pleine lune et la lueur rose du couchant.*

8

*Des arbres, des fleurs, une toute petite mare verte,  
un gros tronc vêtu de lierre. Musique d'insectes,  
de rainettes, de crapauds, de rires de chouettes, de mur-  
mures de brise, et de rossignols.*

Trees, flowers, a little green pool, a great tree trunk covered with ivy. The music of insects, of frogs, of toads; the cries of screech-owls, the murmur of a breeze, and of nightingales.

Andante ( $\text{\textit{d}}=60$ )

pp

pp

pp

## *LES RAVETTES THE FROGS* (dernière scène) (*behind the stage*)

S.      *kék      kékékékékék      kékékékékékék.*

C.      *kékékékékék      kékékékékékék      kékékékékékék.*

T.      *cô.ac,      cô.ac,      cô.ac, cô.ac,      cô.ac,      cô.ac,      cô.ac, cô.ac.*

B.      *cô.ac, cô.ac,      cô.ac, cô.ac,      cô.ac,      cô.ac, cô.ac,      cô.ac, cô.ac.*

B.      *hinhon hinhon hinhon hinhon hinhon hinhon hinhon hinhon      hinhon hinhon hinhon hinhon hinhon hinhon hinhon hinhon*

B.      *hin.*

THE CHILD, opening his arms.  
L'ENFANT, ouvrant les bras.

He leans against a great  
tree trunk which groans.  
Il s'appuie au gros tronc  
d'arbre qui gémit.

67

Parlé (Spoken)

Ah \_\_\_\_\_ ! quelle joie de te retrou - ver, Jardin \_\_\_\_\_ !

Ah \_\_\_\_\_ ! What a joy to find you a - gain, my Garden!

Quoi?  
What?

L'ARBRE THE TREE

Ah \_\_\_\_\_ !  
Ah \_\_\_\_\_ !

Spoken  
Parlé

l'En.      gémissant (groaning)  
                sempre portando

l'A.      Ma bles-su - re... ma bles-su - re...  
                My wound... my wound...

Quelle blessure?  
What wound?

Cel le que tu fis au jour.  
The wound you in - flic - ed but

l'A.

d'hui à mon flanc, a - vec le cou - teau dé - ro - bé... Hé - las ! Elle saigne encor de sé - ve...  
yes - ter - day on my side with the knife that you stole... A - las ! It still is bleeding sap...

TEN *portando*

10 ~~1~~

Nos bles.su .res... Nos bles.su .res...  
Our \_\_\_\_ wounds... Our \_\_\_\_ wounds...

Elles sont fraîches, et saignent encore de sève...  
They are still fresh and continue to bleed with sap...

Nos bles-su \_ res... Nos bles-su \_ res...  
*Our* \_\_\_\_ wounds... *Our* \_\_\_\_ wounds...

El-lessont fraîches, et saignent encor de sè - ve...  
*They are still fresh and con-tinue to bleed with sap...*

*f* ——————

L'Enfant, apitoyé, appuie sa joue contre l'écorce du gros Arbre. Une libellule passe, grésillante, et disparaît. Elle repasse, repasse encore. D'autres la suivent. Un Sphinx du laurier-rose, l'imité. D'autres Sphinx, d'autres libellules.

O Wick - mé - chant!  
Wick - ed Child!

*The Child, moved with pity, leans his head against the bark of the big tree. A dragonfly passes, shrivels and disappears. She repasses and repasses again. Others follow her. A rose colored moth imitates her. Other moths, other dragonflies.*

*Wick* - *mé ed* - *chant!*  
*Child!*

## M<sup>t</sup> de Valse lente

$\bullet = 132$

A musical score page featuring two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom is in bass clef. Measure 1 starts with a whole note followed by a half note. Measure 2 begins with a half note. Measure 3 starts with a half note. Measure 4 begins with a half note. Measures 5 through 8 show a series of eighth-note chords. Measure 9 shows a half note. Measure 10 shows a half note. Measure 11 shows a half note. Measure 12 shows a half note. Measure 13 shows a half note. Measure 14 shows a half note. Measure 15 shows a half note. Measure 16 shows a half note.

A musical score page showing two measures of music. The key signature has two sharps. Measure 1 starts with a half note followed by a quarter note. Measure 2 starts with a half note followed by a quarter note.

A musical score page featuring a treble clef staff with a sharp sign, a bass clef staff with a sharp sign, and a piano keyboard diagram. The piano diagram shows black keys highlighted with sharp signs, corresponding to the sharps in the key signature. The page number '8' is at the top right, and a small '1' is at the top right corner of the piano diagram.

A musical score page showing measures 1 through 4. The page includes a key signature of two sharps, a time signature of common time, and a clef of G. Measures 1-3 show a melodic line in the soprano voice, while measure 4 shows a harmonic progression in the basso continuo voice.

A Dragonfly (the first one who passed) sings while flying.  
Une Libellule (celle qui a passé la première) chante en volant.

THE DRAGONFLY  
LA LIBELLULE

*p*

Où es -  
Where are

Dance of the Dragonflies and of the Moths.

Danse des Libellules et des Sphinx

(Valse Américaine)

la Li.

- quoises, Tes to - pazes, L'air qui t'aime Les re - grette Moins que  
 - quoises, Your to - pazes, Th'air which loves you re - grets them less than

moi...  
 I...

*THE NIGHTINGALE*  
*LE ROSSIGNOL*

A

rubato

rubato

A A A A

*THE DRAGONFLY*  
*LA LIBELLULE*

mf

Seu - le, seu - le, Je lan .  
 Lone - ly, lone - ly, I am

## THE FROGS *LES RAUVETTES*

71

*LES RAINETTES*

Soprano: *- guis... pin... ing... Narines pincées. Pinched nostrils.*

Contralto: *Crrr*

Tenor: *Narines pincées. Pinched nostrils.*

Bass: *pp* *Cô-âc, cô-âc, côâc, ké ké ké kék*

Bass: *pp* *Cô-âc, cô-âc, côac, ké ké ké kék*

Bass: *pp* *Hon hin hon hin hon hin hon hin hon hin hon hin hon hin*

le R. A A

la Li. el she? - le? Ma My com - com - pa - pa - gne, ion,

S. errr

c. côâc, ké ké ké kék côâc, côâc, côâc, ké ké ké kék

T. Hinhon hin hon hin hon hin hon hin hon côâc, côâc,

B. côâc, côâc, côâc, ké ké ké kék Hin hon hin hon hin hon

8

le R.

la Li. Rends - la Give her moi! back!

S. errr

c. côâc, côâc, côâc, ké ké ké kék errr

T. côâc, ké ké ké kék Hinhon hinhon hin hon hinhon hin hon

B. hin hon hinhon hinhon hin eôâc, côâc, côâc, ké ké ké kék errr

8

OSSIA

THE CHILD  
L'ENFANT

*f*

Je ne peux pas! je ne peux pas!  
*I can not now! I can not now!*

Le R.  
La Li.

moi! Rends - la moi !  
*back! My com - pan - ion!*

S.

C.

T.

B.

*mf*

*mf*

*mf*

*p*

*turning away  
se détournant.* *p*

*(aside)  
(a part)* **Più vivo**

*insisting  
pressante.*

Je ne puis... La Libellule que j'ai pri... Percée d'une é...  
*I can - not... The dragonfly which I took cap - tive... I pierced with a*

La Li.

Où est - elle?  
*Where is she?*

**Più vivo**

(horrified)  
(horrifié)

Round of the Bats  
*Ronde des Chauves-Souris*  
**Abbstanza vivo**

I'En. - pin - gle... contre le mur... Ah!..  
pin against the wall... Ah  
Une autre voix, en l'air (LA CHAUVE-SOURIS) *mf*

Another voice in the air (THE BAT) Rends - la moi!.. Tsk, tsk... Rends-la  
Give her back!.. 8 Give her

**Abbstanza vivo**

*d=208*

I'En.

*hanging his head*  
baissant la tête. *p*

Je I

la Ch-S. moi... Tsk... Ma com - pa - gne... La Chauve-Souris... Tu sais?  
back... My com - pan - ion... My friend the Bat... You know?

I'En.

sais! — know! — flying volant.

Le bâ - ton... Tsk, tsk... La poursuite... hi - er soir... Tsk... Ta vic.  
The big stick... 8 The pursuit in the night... Your mean

I'En.

**Ritenuto**

la Ch-S.      -toi - re... Et la peti - te bê - te, là, mor - - te, à tes  
 tri - umph... And then the lit - tle an - i - mal, dy - - ing at your

**a Tempo**  
 THE CHILD  
 L'ENFANT *p*

Grâ - - - - ce!  
 Par - - - - dont

la Ch-S.      pieds... Le nid plein... Les pe - tits... sans leur  
 feet... The nest full... Lit - tle ones... with no

**a Tempo**

I En.      *p*

la Ch-S.      Sans  
 mè - - - - re. Il faut... Tsk, tsk, qu'on les nour. ris - se...  
 moth - - - - er. They must... They must be nour - ished...

T'En.

mè - - - rel..  
moth - - - er!..

A .lors, nous... Tsk, tsk... Nous vo - lons, nous chas .sons... Nous tour.  
And now, we... We must fly, we must chase... we must

la  
Ch-S.

- nons, nous chassons, nous happen... Tsk, tsk... C'est ta fau - te...  
turn, we must chase, we must catch... 'Tis your fault... —

*Below, a little frog emerges from the pool, and rests on the edge, on his two hind legs. Another does the same, then another*  
*Au-dessous, une petite Rainette émerge de la mare, s'appuie des deux mains au bord. Une autre fait de même, puis une autre,*

*until the pool is encircled with frogs crowded one against another.*  
*et la mare se trouve couronnée de Rainettes, bien serrées l'une contre l'autre.*

*espressivo*

A handwritten musical score consisting of five staves, each with a brace. The music is divided into five systems by vertical bar lines. The first four systems are in common time, while the fifth system ends with a double bar line and begins with a repeat sign, indicating a repeat of the previous section.

- System 1:** Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Measures show eighth-note pairs followed by sixteenth-note pairs. Dynamics:  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ .
- System 2:** Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Measures show eighth-note pairs followed by sixteenth-note pairs. Dynamics:  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ .
- System 3:** Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Measures show eighth-note pairs followed by sixteenth-note pairs. Dynamics:  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ .
- System 4:** Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Measures show eighth-note pairs followed by sixteenth-note pairs. Dynamics:  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ .
- System 5:** Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Measures show eighth-note pairs followed by sixteenth-note pairs. Dynamics:  $m.g.$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $m.d.$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ . The section concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.
- System 6:** Treble clef, key signature of two sharps (G#). Measures show eighth-note pairs followed by sixteenth-note pairs. Dynamics:  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ ,  $p\cdot$ . The section concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

*They jump up and begin to play in the way that frogs do.  
Elles sortent, et se mettent à jouer à la manière des rainettes.*

Musical score for piano, page 78, measures 1-5. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Both staves are in common time with a key signature of four sharps. Measure 1 starts with a dynamic of *p*. Measures 2 and 3 show eighth-note chords. Measure 4 begins with *m.d.* (mezzo-forte). Measures 5 and 6 end with *m.g.* (mezzo-gusto).

Musical score for piano, page 78, measures 6-10. The staves remain the same. Measure 6 continues the eighth-note chords. Measure 7 begins with *m.g.*. Measures 8 and 9 continue the eighth-note chords. Measure 10 ends with a sharp sign added to the key signature.

*Dance of the Frogs  
Danse des Rainettes*

Musical score for piano, page 78, measures 11-15. The staves remain the same. Measure 11 starts with *f*. Measure 12 begins with *p*. Measures 13-15 feature eighth-note chords with grace notes.

Musical score for piano, page 78, measures 16-20. The staves remain the same. Measures 16-19 feature eighth-note chords with grace notes. Measure 20 ends with a sharp sign added to the key signature.

A musical score for piano, consisting of four staves. The top two staves are in treble clef, and the bottom two are in bass clef. The key signature is A major (three sharps). The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Measure 1: Treble staff has a sixteenth-note pattern. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 2: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 3: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 4: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 5: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 6: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 7: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 8: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 9: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 10: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 11: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 12: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 13: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 14: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 15: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 16: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 17: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 18: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 19: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns. Measure 20: Treble staff has eighth-note patterns. Bass staff has eighth-note patterns.

The image displays four staves of musical notation for piano, arranged vertically. The top staff uses a treble clef, the second staff a bass clef, the third staff a treble clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature is A major (three sharps). The time signature varies between common time and 2/4. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings like crescendos and decrescendos. The music consists of two distinct melodic lines, one in the upper voices and one in the lower voices, with harmonic support provided by the bass line.

*One of them, having danced, props himself  
with his hand against the Child's knee.*

*L'une d'elles, ayant dansé, s'appuie  
de la main au genou de l'Enfant.*

**Moderato**

LA RAINETTE THE FROG

THE SQUIRREL drily  
L'ÉCUREUIL, séchement

*mf* Kékékékék-ça?

Sauve-toi, sotte! Et la cage? La cage?  
Spare yourself! And the cage? The cage?

**Moderato**

*In the fork of two low branches and coughing the way squirrels do.*

*A la fourche de deux basses branches, et toussant à la manière des écureuils.*

Lento *mf*

Lento.  $\text{d} = 50$

La prison. Heu, heu. La prison. Le fer qui pique, entre deux barreaux.  
*The prison. The prison. The steel which pricks 'twixen two iron bars.*

*pp*

*m.d.*

*m.g.*

Heu, heu. J'ai pu fuir,  
*I could flee,* mais tes quatre petites mains mouil -  
*but how can your four little wet hands*

THE FROG  
LA RAINETTE

lées ne valent pas les miennes.  
*serve you as my hands serve me?*

Que que que que dis-tu?  
*Who, who, what did you say?*

la R.

Je ne connais pas la cacacage  
I know nothing of a ca.cacage

Je connais la mouche qu'on me  
But I know the fly he threw to

she jumps elle saute

she jumps elle saute

la R.

jette, Ploc! Et le chiffon rouge, Ploc!  
me, Ploc! And the rag so red, Ploc!

L'appât vient,  
The bait comes,

je bon -  
I leap

**Moderato**

elle saute (she jumps)

la R.

- dis, on me prend, je m'échappe, je re - viens, Ploc!  
up, I am caught, I es-cape, I re - turn, Ploc!

L'ÉCUREUIL THE SQUIRREL

Sans cervelle! Tu au - ras mon sort!  
Moderato Brain-less one! You will share my fate!

**Andante**L'ENFANT, à l'Écureuil (*THE CHILD, to the Squirrel*)

**60** La ca\_ ge, c'était pour mieux voir ta pres\_ - se, tes quatre petites mains, \_\_\_\_ tes beaux  
*The cage — 'twas but to see better your quickness, al\_ so your four little hands, \_\_\_\_ your fine*

**Andante**

l'En.

yeux... *THE SQUIRREL sarcastically*  
*eyes... L'ÉCUREUIL sarcastique*

Oui, c'é - tait pour mes beaux yeux!  
*Yes, you wished to see my eyes!*

While he speaks, the garden becomes full of  
*Pendant qu'il parle, le jardin se peuple*

Sais - tu  
*Do you*

*leaping squirrels. Their play, their caresses, as they are suspended in the air, do not disturb those of the frogs below. A couple of écureuils bondissants. Leurs jeux, leurs caresses, suspendus en l'air, n'inquiètent pas ceux des Rainettes,*

l'E.

ce qu'ils re - flé - taint, mes beaux yeux?  
*know what they re - flect, my fine eyes?*

*espressivo*

**a Tempo (Valse lente) poco più lento**

*dragonflies embrace, separate and then unite again. A group of rose colored moths imitate them. Other groups au-dessous. Un couple de libellules, entacé, se disjoint, s'accoste. Un groupe de Sphinx du laurier-rose les*

T.E.

L'ciel libre,  
The free sky,

le vent libre, mes libres  
the free wind and my free

frères, au bond  
brothers swift as

**a Tempo (Valse lente) poco più lento. ♩ = 100**

*join together, then separate. The garden, throbbing with wings, lively with squirrels, is a paradise of tendresse. D'autres groupes se nouent, se défont. Le jardin, palpitant d'ailes, rutilant d'écureuils, est un paradis*

T.E.

sûr comme un  
birds on the wing...

Re-gar-de donc  
And now be hold

*derness and of animal joy.  
de tendresse et de joie animales.*

T.E.

ce qu'ils re-flé-taient  
that which they reflect,

mes beaux yeux  
my fine eyes,

tout while

THE CHILD  
L'ENFANT

I.E. mi - roï - tants de lar - mest!  
They s'ai - love.  
Ils sont heu - They're full of

*The black cat and the white cat appear on the top of the wall.  
The black cat licks the ears of the white cat and plays with her.*

Rall. poco a poco

*Le Chat noir et la Chatte blanche paraissent au faîte du mur.  
Le Chat lèche amicalement les oreilles de la Chatte, joue avec elle.*

I.E. - reux. joy. Ils m'ou - blient... They for - get me...  
Rall. poco a poco  
P espressivo

*They move away, the one following the other on the narrow top of the wall.  
Ils s'éloignent, l'un suivant l'autre, sur le faîte étroit du mur.*

*disturbed nearly without voice  
inquiet presque sans voix  
in spite of himself he calls  
malgré lui il appelle*

I.E. Ils s'aiment... Ils m'oublient... Je suis seul... Maman!..  
They love... they for - get me... I'm a - lone... Ma - ma!..  
Molto lento  
sans faire vibrer

Vivo

**Ivo** At this cry all the animals pause, separate, some flee, others run up menacingly, mingling their voices with those of the trees and crying:

A ce cri, toutes les Bêtes se dressent, se séparent, les unes fuient, les autres accourent menaçantes, mêlent leurs voix à celles des arbres, s'écrient :

mèlent leurs voix à celles des arbres, s'écrient:

**SOPRANI**

**CONTRALTI**

**THE ANIMALS AND THE TREES  
LES BÉTES ET LES ARBRES**

**TENORI**

**BASSI**

**Ah!**

**Vivo. = 168**

S. *C'est l'Enfant au bâton!*  
*Tis the Child with the stick!*

C. *Le méchant au fillet!*  
*The bad Child with a net!*

T. *C'est l'Enfant au cou - teau!*  
*'Tis the Child with the knife!*

B. *Le méchant à la cage!*  
*The bad Child with a cage!*

V. *Ce*  
*The*

S. *Le méchant au fi\_let!*  
*The bad Child with a net!*

C. *Faut-il fuir?*  
*Shall he es\_cape?*

T. *C'est le mé\_chant, c'est le mé\_*  
*'Tis the bad Child, 'tis the bad*

B. *Faut-il fuir?*  
*Shall he es\_cape?*

*- lui qui n'aime personne*  
*Child who loves not a soul*

*Et que person\_ne n'aime!*  
*and whom nobod\_y loves!*

S. *Faut - il - fuir?*  
*Shall he es - cape?*

C. *- chant à la cage!*  
*Child with the cage!*

T. *C'est le mé - chant, c'est le mé -*  
*'Tis the bad Child, 'tis the bad*

B. *f* *Faut - il fuir?*  
*Shall he es - cupe?*

Non! il faut châ - tier.  
*No!* *He must suf - fer.*

S. *Non!*  
*No!* il faut châ - tier.  
*He must suf - fer.*

c. - chant au fi - let!  
*Child with a net!*

T. J'ai mes ai - les on -  
*I have wings that can*

B. J'ai mes dents!  
*I have teeth!*

J'ai mes grif - fes!  
*I have sharp claws!*

*AN OWL*  
UNE CHOUETTE

*furiously, flapping his wings.*  
furibonde, en battant des ailes.

*Hou!*

S. U - nissons-nous!  
*Let us u - nite!*

c. - glées!  
*hurt!* J'ai mes ai - les ongées!  
*I have wings that can hurt!* U - nissons-nous!  
*Let us u - nite!*

T. J'ai mes dents!  
*I have teeth!* U - nissons-nous!  
*Let us u - nite!*

B. J'ai mes grif - fes!  
*I have sharp claws!*

*All the animals at one and the same time fall on the Child, hem him in, push and pull him. It is a frenzy which becomes a wrestling match, for each animal wants to chastise the Child, single-handed, and the animals begin to tear one another to pieces.*  
*Toutes les bêtes fondent à la fois sur l'Enfant, le cernent, le poussent, le tirent. C'est une frénésie qui devient lutte, car chaque bête veut être seule à châtier l'Enfant, et les bêtes commencent à s'entredéchirer.*

la Ch. S. C. T. R. B.

Hou! *mf cresc.* U-nis-sons-  
Let us u- *mf cresc.*  
U-nis-sons-  
Let us u- *cresc.* U-nis-sons-sons!  
Let us u- nite!

U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous!  
Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite!

U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous!  
Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite!

U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous!  
Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite!

*The Child is pushed back and forth, passed from paw to paw. At the height of the struggle, he is thrown into a corner of the stage and forgotten by the animals in their orgy of fighting. Almost at the same time a little wounded squirrel falls down with a sharp cry near the Child.*

L'Enfant, pris, délivré, repris, passe de pattes en pattes. Au plus fort de la lutte, il est projeté dans un coin de la scène, et les bêtes l'oublient dans leur ivresse de combattre. Presque en même temps, un petit écureuil, blessé, vient choir auprès de l'Enfant avec un cri aigu.

THE SQUIRREL cried  
L'ECUREUIL *crié* *fff*

la Ch. S. C. T. R. B.

Hou! *mf cresc.* U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous!  
Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite!

- nous! - nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous!  
- nite! Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite! Let us u-  
U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous!  
Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite! Let us u-

U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous!  
Let us u-nite Let us u-nite Let us u-nite Let us u-nite

*cresc.* U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous!  
Let us u-nite Let us u-nite Let us u-nite Let us u-

U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous! U-nis-sons-nous!  
Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite! Let us u-nite!

I.P.E.

S. Ah!

C. Ah!

T. Ah!

B. Ah!

*The animals, ashamed, become motionless, separate and surround at a distance the squirrel whom they have injured.  
Taking a ribbon from his neck, the Child ties up the wounded paw of the squirrel, then falls back weakly.*

*Les Bêtes, honteuses, s'immobilisent, se séparent, entourent de loin l'Écureuil qu'elles ont meurtri...  
Arrachant un ruban de son cou, l'Enfant lie la patte blessee de l'Écureuil, puis retombe sans force.*

*Profound silence, stupor among the animals.  
Profond silence, stupeur parmi les Bêtes.*

★ Lento

S.

C. ANIMAL, amidst the deep silence.  
UNE BÊTE, parmi le profond silence.

T. Il a pansé la plaie...  
See, he has dressed the wound...

B.

Lento ♩ = 50

*This scene should not be sung: the musical notation is put in only as a guide to the declamation which should be plaintive, flexible, nearly without tone quality, even in the f.*

(\*) Cette scène ne doit pas être chantée: la notation musicale n'est là que pour guider la déclamation plaintive, souple, presque sans timbre, même dans le f.

ANOTHER  
UNE AUTRE

S. *p*

Il a li - é la pat - tø...      é - tanché le sang...  
*See, he has bound the paw...*      *and has stopped the blood.*

C.

T.

B.

*p*

S. *Tutti pp*

Il a pan - sé la plaie...  
*See, he has dressed the wound...*

C. *Tutti pp*

Il a pan - sé la plaie...  
*See, he has dressed the wound...*

T. *Tutti pp*

Il a pan - sé la plaie...  
*See, he has dressed the wound...*

B. *pp*

Il a pan - sé la plaie...  
*See, he has dressed the wound...*

*p*

**Meno lento**

S.

C.

T.

B.

AN. ANIMAL  
UNE BÊTE *p*

**Meno lento**  $\text{♩} = 60$  Il souffre...  
*He suffers...*

*p*

93

*AN ANIMAL  
UNE BÊTE*

*mf*

S. *UNE BÊTE AN ANIMAL* *p* Il sai\_gne...  
*He bleeds...*

C. Il est bles\_se...  
*He has a wound...*

T. Tutti *p* Il a pan - sé la plai.e.  
*See, he has dressed the wound.*

B. Tutti *pp* Il a pan - sé la plai.e.  
*See, he has dressed the wound.*

S. -

C. AN ANIMAL  
UNE BÊTE *p* *3*

T. Il faut lier la main... étancher le sang...  
We must tie up his hand... and stop the blood... *p* *3*

B. UNE BÊTE AN ANIMAL Que faire? II The  
What shall we do?

The musical score consists of five staves. The top three staves represent the vocal parts: Soprano (S.), Alto (C.), and Tenor (T.). The bottom two staves represent the Bass (B.) and Bassoon (B.). The vocal parts sing in French, with English translations provided for some lines. The bassoon part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns.

S. ANIMAL UNE BÊTE *p*

C.

T. Que fai - re? Nous l'avons blessé...  
*What shall we do? We have wounded him...* Tutti *pp*

B. sait, lui, guérir le mal...  
*Child knows how to cure ills...*

Tutti *pp* Que fai - - re?  
*What shall we do?*

Que fai - - re?  
*What shall we do?*

AN ANIMAL  
UNE BÉTE

S. Il ap-pe-lait tout à l'heure... Tutti  
Not long a - go he was call-ing... *3*

C. pp Il ap-pe-lait...  
Tutti He was call-ing... *3*

T. pp Il ap-pe-lait...  
Tutti He was call-ing... *3*

B. pp Il ap-pe-lait...  
He was call-ing... *3*

S. Il a crié un mot un seul mot: "Ma-man!"  
He cried out just one word, just one word: "Ma-man!" Tutti *p*

C. Ma-man!  
Tutti Ma-man! *p*

T. Ma-man!  
Tutti Ma-man! *p*

B. Ma-man!  
Tutti Ma-man! *p*

*They come closer together and surround the motionless Child. The squirrels are suspended from the branches above him, the dragonflies fan him with their wings.*

*Elles se sont rapprochées, elles entourent l'Enfant, gisant. Les Écureuils se suspendent aux branches au-dessus de lui, les Libellules l'éventent de leurs ailes.*

8. Accel.

S. **poco a poco**

C. **Tutti** *pp* *3* *3* *3* *3*

T. **Tutti** *pp* *3* *3* *3* *3*

B. **Tutti** *pp* *3* *3* *3* *3*

**AN ANIMAL  
UNE BÊTE**

*p* *3*

Il se tait,  
*He is quiet,*

va-t'il mourir?  
*will he now die?*

Nous ne savons pas lier la main  
*We do not know how to tie up the*

Nous ne savons pas lier la main  
*We do not know how to tie up the*

Nous ne savons pas lier la main  
*We do not know how to tie up the*

Nous ne savons pas lier la main  
*We do not know how to tie up the*

**poco a poco**

AN ANIMAL, pointing to the house  
UNE BETE, désignant la maison

S. — é\_tançher le sang...  
hand, nor hold back the blood...

C. — é\_tançher le sang...  
hand, nor hold back the blood...

T. — é\_tançher le sang...  
hand, nor hold back the blood...

B. — é\_tançher le sang...  
hand, nor hold back the blood...

*mf*

S. -le au nid! Il faut que l'on entende, là-bas,  
to the nest! For surely they must hear over there,  
Le mot qu'il a crié tout-à-l'heure...  
the single word the poor Child was crying...

C.

T.

B.

The musical score consists of four staves: Soprano (S.), Alto (C.), Tenor (T.), and Bass (B.). The piano/bass part is represented by a single staff at the bottom. The vocal parts sing in French, and the piano part provides harmonic support. The music is in common time, with a key signature of two sharps.

*The animals, all together, lift up the Child, pale and inert,  
and carry him, step by step, to the house.*

*Les Bêtes, toutes ensemble, soulèvent l'Enfant inerte  
et pâle, et l'emportent, pas à pas, vers la maison.*

S. Es-sa-yons de crier le mot...  
Let us try now to call the word...

C.

T.

B.

(hesitantly)  
hésitant  
Tutti *pp*

Ma - man...  
Mu - ma...  
hésitant(hesitantly)  
Tutti *pp*

Ma - man...  
Mu - ma...

The vocal parts continue their performance. The piano/bass part provides harmonic support. The lyrics describe the animals lifting the pale child and carrying him home. The piano part includes dynamic markings like *pp* and *ppp*, and text "(hesitantly)" and "hésitant".

*The Child opens his eyes, tries to stand up. The animals still support him with their paws, wings, heads, and backs.*

*L'Enfant ouvre les yeux, essaie de se tenir debout. De la patte, de l'aile, de la tête, des reins, les Bêtes le soutiennent encore...*

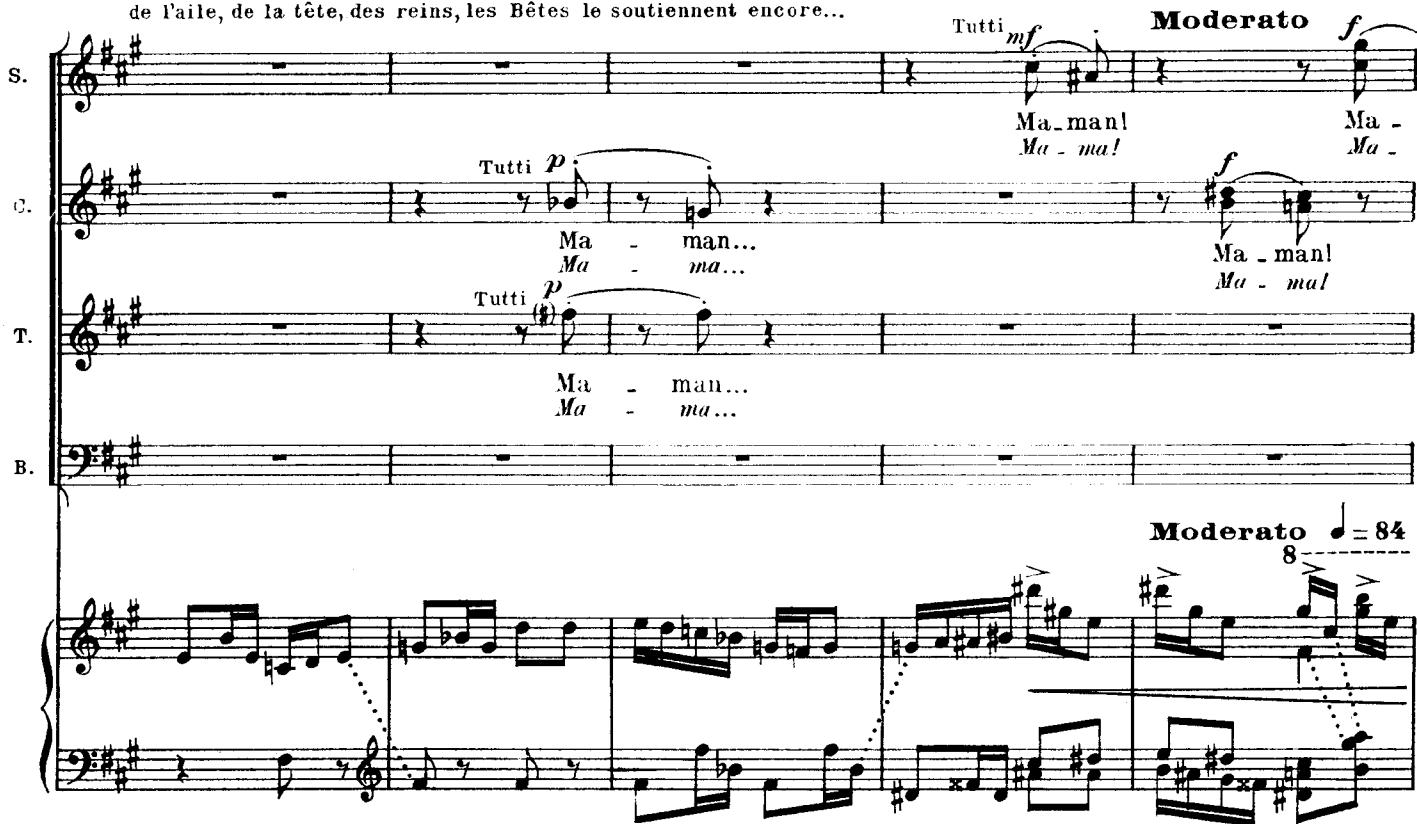
S. *Tutti p.* **Moderato** *f*

C. *Tutti p.* *Ma - man...* *Ma - ma!* *Ma - Ma -*

T. *Tutti p.* *Ma - man...* *Ma - mal*

B. *Ma - man...*

**Moderato** *d = 84*



S. *man! Ma - man! Ma - man! Maman! Ma - man!* *Ma - ma! Ma - ma! Ma - ma! Ma - ma!*

C. *Ma - man! Maman! Ma - man!* *Ma - mal! Ma - ma! Ma - ma!*

T. *Maman! Ma - man! Maman! Ma - man!* *Ma - mal! Ma - ma! Ma - ma!*

B. *Tutti f.* *Maman!* *Ma - man!*

**Rall.**



*A light appears at the windows of the house.*  
Une lumière paraît aux vitres, dans la maison.

## **Andante**

**S.**

**C.**

**T.**

**B.**

**Andante** ♩ = 56

Il est bon, l'Enfant, il est  
He is good, the Child, he is

Il est bon, l'Enfant, il est sage, bien  
He is good, the Child, he is wise, so

Il est bon, l'Enfant, il est sage, bien  
He is good, the Child, he is wise,

*At the same time the moon, emerging from under a cloud, and the dawn, rose and gold, flood the garden with a pure light.*  
En même temps la lune, dévoilée, l'aube, rose et d'or, inondent le jardin d'une clarté pure.

S. Il est bon, l'Enfant, il est sage, Si sage, —  
He is good, the Child, he is wise, — so wise, — so

C. p A Il est sage l'En  
Ah He is wise, — the

T. sa - ge, bien sa - - - - - ge, Il - - est sa - - - -  
wise, so wise,

B. - ge, Il est sa - - - - - ge et bon,  
— He is wise — and good,

S. sa - ge l'En - fant, il est si sa - ge, si bon.  
wise, — the Child, he is so wise, — so good.

C. - fant sa - - - - ge et bon.  
Child, wise and good.

T. - ge et bon, sa - - - - ge et bon. A

B. l'En - - - - fant. Il a pan - sé laplaie,  
The Child. See, he has dressed the wound

*One by one the animals withdraw their assistance from the Child, letting go quietly and with regret.*

Les Bêtes une à une, retirent à l'Enfant leur aide qui devient inutile, défont harmonieusement, à regret,

S. - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |

C. - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | Il a pan-  
See he has  
has

T. - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | E\_tan\_ché le sang.  
And has stopped the blood.

B. - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | é\_tan\_ché le sang A  
and has stopped the blood

B. - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | Il\_a van\_sé la plaie A  
See, he has dressed the wound Ah

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100

*The group around the Child grows smaller, but they escort him a little further, feting him with their wings,  
leur groupe serré contre l'Enfant, mais elles l'escortent d'un peu plus loin, le fêtant de battements d'ailes,*

S.

Il est sage,  
He is wise, he is wise, he is wise, he is wise, he is wise,

C.

sé la plai - e, E - tan - ché le sang, sa - ge, sa - ge, sa -  
dressed the wound And has stopped the blood, wise, wise, wise,

T.

A - sa - ge, si sa - ge, si sa -  
Ah wise, so wise, so wise,

B.

*with somersaults of joy; then, halting their friendly procession in the shadow of the trees, leave the Child alone,  
de culbutes de joie, puis limitant à l'ombre des arbres leur bienveillant cortège, laissent l'Enfant seul,*

Doux \_\_\_\_\_ et  
Kind \_\_\_\_\_ And

S.

- ge, il est doux, \_\_\_\_\_ et  
he is kind, \_\_\_\_\_ And

C.

Doux \_\_\_\_\_  
Kind \_\_\_\_\_

T.

Doux.  
Kind.

B.

Il est bon, l'En - fant, il est sa - ge, bien  
He is good, the Child, he is wise, so

Harp

erect, luminous and blond in a halo of moonlight and of dawn, holding out his arms to her droit, lumineux et blond dans un halo de lune et d'aube et tendant ses bras vers celle que

S. sa - - ge,  
wise.

C. Il est bon,  
He is good,

T. Il est bon, l'En - fant, il est sa - - ge,  
He is good, the Child, he is wise,

B. sa - - ge,  
wise,

Il est sa - - - ge.  
he is wise.

whom the animals called: "Mama!"  
les Bêtes ont appelée: "Maman!"

THE CHILD, holding out his arms.  
L'ENFANT, tendant les bras.

CURTAIN  
RIDEAU

S. Il est si doux.  
He is so kind.

C. Il est si doux.  
He is so kind.

T. Il est si doux.  
He is so kind.

B. Unis Il est si doux.  
He is so kind.

Ma - man!  
Ma - mal